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I claim:

1. A method for identifying new immunomodulatory chemical entities (NICE) comprising:

- a. reacting a candidate NICE with a Tat SH3 binding domain wherein said Tat SH3 binding domain is bound to a solid phase to identify candidate NICE that bind to said Tat SH3:
 - b. identifying said candidate NICE bound to said Tat SH3;
- c. adding said identified candidate NICE to a culture of purified peripheral blood monocytes;
- d. adding Tat having an SH3 binding domain to said peripheral blood monocytes and candidate NICE to form a test culture;
- e. incubating said test culture to allow said monocytes to differentiate into dendritic cells (DC) or regulatory macrophages (AReg);
- f. removing said differentiated cells from said test culture and determining the presence or absence of DCs or AReg.
- 2. The method according to claim 1 wherein said Tat SH3 binding domain in step (a) is selected from the group consisting of native immunosuppressive human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) Tat, similar lentivirus Tat, long-term non-responder Tat, randomly mutated HIV Tat and site-specific mutated HIV Tat.
- 3. The method according to claim 1 further comprising the step of injecting confirmed immunostimulatory NICE from step (f) of claim 1 into an immunosuppressed mouse wherein said immunosuppression results from the presence of an endogenous SH3 binding domain.
- 4. The method according to claim 2 wherein the said immunosuppressive mouse is a *hairless* (*hr*) mouse.
- 5. A method according to claim 1 further comprising the step of injecting a tolerogenic NICE from step (f) of claim 1 into a mouse and further challenging said mouse with an antigen wherein said tolerance results from the pre-treatment with tolerogenic NICE.